

Public Assessment Report

Scientific discussion

Ticagrelor Accord **(ticagrelor)**

SE/H/2327/01-02/DC

This module reflects the scientific discussion for the approval of Ticagrelor Accord. The procedure was finalised on 2024-12-05. For information on changes after this date please refer to the module 'Update'.

I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the review of the quality, safety and efficacy data, a marketing authorisation has been granted for Ticagrelor Accord, 60 mg and 90 mg, Film-coated tablet.

The active substance is ticagrelor. A comprehensive description of the indication and posology is given in the SmPC.

For recommendations to the marketing authorisation not falling under Article 21a/22a/22 of Directive 2001/83/EC and conditions to the marketing authorisation pursuant to Article 21a/22a/ 22 of Directive 2001/83/EC to the marketing authorisation, please see section VI.

The application for Ticagrelor Accord, 60 mg and 90 mg, film-coated tablet is a generic application submitted according to Article 10(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC. The applicants apply through the Decentralised Procedure with Sweden acting as reference member state (RMS). For Ticagrelor Accord AT, BG, CY, DE, DK, EE, EL (only 90 mg), FI, FR, IE, IT, LT, LV, NL, NO and PL act as concerned member states (CMS).

The reference medicinal product chosen for the purposes of establishing the expiry of the data protection period is Brilique 90 mg film-coated tablet authorised in the Union since 2010, with AstraZeneca AB as marketing authorisation holder.

The reference product used in the bioequivalence study is Brilique 90 mg film-coated tablet from Sweden with AstraZeneca AB as marketing authorisation holder.

II. QUALITY ASPECTS

II.1 Drug Substance

The structure of the drug substance has been adequately proven and its physico-chemical properties are sufficiently described.

The manufacture of the drug substance has been adequately described and satisfactory specifications have been provided for starting materials, reagents and solvents.

The drug substance specification includes relevant tests and the limits for impurities and degradation products have been justified. The analytical methods applied are suitably described and validated.

Stability studies confirm the retest period.

II.2 Medicinal Product

The medicinal product is formulated using excipients listed in section 6.1 in the Summary of Product Characteristics.

The manufacturing process has been sufficiently described and critical steps identified.

The tests and limits in the specification are considered appropriate to control the quality of the finished product in relation to its intended purpose.

Stability studies have been performed and data presented support the shelf life and special precautions for storage claimed in the Summary of Product Characteristics, sections 6.3 and 6.4.

III. NON-CLINICAL ASPECTS

Pharmacology/Pharmacokinetics/Toxicology

Pharmacodynamic, pharmacokinetic and toxicological properties of ticagrelor are well known. As ticagrelor is a widely used, well-known active substance, no further studies are required and the applicant provides none. Overview based on literature review is, thus, appropriate.

Environmental Risk Assessment (ERA)

Since Ticagrelor Accord is a generic product, it will not lead to an increased exposure to the environment. An environmental risk assessment is therefore not deemed necessary.

There are no objections to approval of Ticagrelor Accord from a non-clinical point of view.

IV. CLINICAL ASPECTS

Pharmacokinetics

To support the marketing authorisation application the applicant has conducted one bioequivalence study comparing Ticagrelor Accord (Ticagrelor) with the reference product Brilique.

Pharmacokinetic properties of the active substance

Absorption: Absorption of ticagrelor is rapid with a median $t_{\max}$ of approximately 1.5 hours. The formation of the major circulating metabolite AR-C124910XX (also active) from ticagrelor is rapid with a median $t_{\max}$ of approximately 2.5 hours. The mean absolute bioavailability of ticagrelor was estimated to be 36%. Ingestion of a high-fat meal resulted in a 21% increase in ticagrelor AUC and 22% decrease in the active metabolite $C_{\max}$ but had no effect on ticagrelor $C_{\max}$ or the AUC of the active metabolite. These small changes are considered of minimal clinical significance; therefore, ticagrelor can be given with or without food.

Linearity: Ticagrelor demonstrates linear pharmacokinetics and exposure to ticagrelor and the active metabolite are approximately dose proportional up to 1260 mg.

Elimination: The mean $t_{1/2}$ was approximately 7 hours for ticagrelor and 8.5 hours for the active metabolite.

Study 0052-22

Methods

This was a single-dose, two-way crossover study conducted in 32 healthy volunteers (30 completed), comparing Ticagrelor, 90 mg, film-coated tablet with Brilique, 90 mg, film-coated tablet under fasting conditions. Blood samples for concentration analysis were collected pre-dose and up to 48 hours post-dose. Plasma concentrations of ticagrelor were determined with a LC-MS/MS method. Analysis of variance (ANOVA) was performed on the log-transformed data for AUC_{0-t} and $C_{\max}$. The study was conducted between 30 March 2022 and 09 April 2022.

Results

The results from the pharmacokinetic and statistical analysis are presented in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Pharmacokinetic parameters (non-transformed values; arithmetic mean $\pm$ SD, $t_{\max}$ median, range) for ticagrelor, n=30.

Treatment	AUC_{0-t} ng*h/ml	C_{max} ng/ml	t_{max} h
Test	5481.5 $\pm$ 1731.3	697.8 $\pm$ 192.9	3.000 (1.500-4.517)
Reference	4978.2 $\pm$ 1444.2	679.9 $\pm$ 159.3	2.500 (1.000-5.000)
*Ratio (90% CI)	108.4 (100.59-116.73)	101.4 (94.92-108.22)	-
AUC _{0-t} area under the plasma concentration-time curve from time zero to t hours C _{max} maximum plasma concentration t _{max} time for maximum plasma concentration			

**calculated based on ln-transformed data*

For AUC_{0-t} and C_{max} the 90% confidence interval for the ratio of the test and reference products fell within the conventional acceptance range of 80.00-125.00%.

A biowaiver was sought for the additional strength of 60 mg.

Discussion and overall conclusion

The bioequivalence study and its statistical evaluation were in accordance with accepted standards for bioequivalence testing, as stated in the Guideline on the investigation of bioequivalence (CPMP/EWP/QWP/1401/98 Rev. 1/Corr) and the EMA Ticagrelor film-coated tablets 60 mg and 90 mg product-specific bioequivalence guidance (EMA/CHMP/177281/2016/Corr). The bioanalytical method was adequately validated.

Based on the submitted bioequivalence study, Ticagrelor Accord is considered bioequivalent with Brilique.

Absence of studies with the additional strength of 60 mg is acceptable, as all conditions for biowaiver for additional strength(s), as described in the Guideline on the investigation of bioequivalence (CPMP/EWP/QWP/1401/98 Rev. 1/Corr) are fulfilled and since the pharmacokinetics of ticagrelor is linear between 60 mg and 90 mg.

Pharmacodynamics/Clinical efficacy/Clinical safety

No new studies on pharmacodynamics, clinical efficacy or clinical safety have been submitted. Provided that bioequivalence with the originator product is demonstrated, additional data is not necessary.

Risk Management Plan

The MAH has submitted a risk management plan, in accordance with the requirements of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, describing the pharmacovigilance activities and interventions designed to identify, characterise, prevent or minimise risks relating to Ticagrelor Accord and Ticagrelor Accord.

Safety specification

The MAH has submitted the version 1.0 RMP dated 1 February 2023 and proposed the following summary safety concerns:

Module SVIII - Summary of the safety concerns

Table 2: Summary of safety concerns

Important identified risks	• Increased risk of bleeding
Important potential risks	• None
Missing information	• Long-term use in patients with prior ischaemic stroke

Pharmacovigilance Plan

Routine pharmacovigilance is suggested and no additional pharmacovigilance activities are proposed by the applicant, which is endorsed.

Risk minimisation measures

Routine risk minimisation is suggested and no additional risk minimisation activities are proposed by the applicant, which is endorsed.

Summary of the RMP

The submitted Risk Management Plan, version 1.0 signed 1 February 2023 is considered acceptable.

The MAH shall perform the required pharmacovigilance activities and interventions detailed in the agreed RMP presented in Module 1.8.2 of the Marketing Authorisation and any agreed subsequent updates of the RMP.

An updated RMP should be submitted:

- At the request of the RMS;
- Whenever the risk management system is modified, especially as the result of new information being received that may lead to a significant change to the benefit/risk profile or as the result of an important (pharmacovigilance or risk minimisation) milestone being reached.

If the dates for submission of a PSUR and the update of a RMP coincide, they can be submitted at the same time, but via different procedures.

V. USER CONSULTATION

A user consultation with target patient groups on the package information leaflet (PL) has been performed on the basis of a bridging report making reference to Mycophenolic acid 180 mg and 360 mg gastro-resistant Tablets (ES/H/0183/001-002/DC) regarding layout and Brilique 60 mg/90 mg film-coated tablets (EU/1/10/655/007-011) regarding content.

The bridging report submitted by the applicant has been found acceptable.

VI. OVERALL CONCLUSION, BENEFIT/RISK ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

The quality of the generic product Ticagrelor Accord, is found adequate. There are no objections to approval of Ticagrelor Accord, from a non-clinical and clinical point of view. Bioequivalence between the test and reference product has been adequately demonstrated. The product information is acceptable. The benefit/risk is considered positive, and the application is therefore recommended for approval.

List of recommendations not falling under Article 21a/22a/22 of Directive 2001/83/EC in case of a positive benefit risk assessment

N/A

List of conditions pursuant to Article 21a/22a or 22 of Directive 2001/83/EC

N/A

VII. APPROVAL

The decentralised procedure for Ticagrelor Accord 60 mg and 90 mg, Film-coated tablet was positively finalised on 2024-12-05.

Public Assessment Report – Update

Procedure number*	Scope	Product Information affected (Yes/No)	Date of end of procedure	Approval/non approval	Summary/Justification for refuse

*Only procedure qualifier, chronological number and grouping qualifier (when applicable)