

Summary Public Assessment Report

**Exablok,
(edoxaban tosilate monohydrate)**

SE/H/2522/01-03/DC

Summary Public Assessment Report

Exablok
edoxaban tosilate monohydrate

Film-coated tablet, 15 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg

This is a summary of the public assessment report (PAR) for Exablok. It explains how the assessment was made and why the authorisation was recommended as well as the conditions of use. It is not intended to provide practical advice on how to use the product.

For practical information about the use of the product, patients should read the package leaflet or contact their doctor or pharmacist.

What is Exablok and what is it used for?

The product is a 'generic medicine'. This means that it is similar to a 'reference medicine' already authorised in the European Union (EU) called Lixiana.

Exablok is used in adults to:

- prevent blood clots in the brain (stroke) and other blood vessels in the body if you have a form of irregular heart rhythm called nonvalvular atrial fibrillation and at least one additional risk factor, such as heart failure, previous stroke or high blood pressure;
- treat blood clots in the veins of the legs (deep vein thrombosis) and in the blood vessels in the lungs (pulmonary embolism), and to prevent blood clots from re-occurring in the blood vessels in the legs and/or lungs.

How does Exablok work?

Exablok contains the active substance edoxaban and belongs to a group of medicines called anticoagulants. This medicine helps to prevent blood clots from forming. It works by blocking the activity of factor Xa, which is an important component of blood clotting.

How is Exablok used?

The pharmaceutical form is Film-coated tablet for oral use.

Please read section 3 of the package leaflet for detailed information on dosing recommendations, the route of administration, and the duration of treatment.

The medicine can only be obtained with a prescription in Sweden.

What benefits of Exablok have been shown in studies?

Because the product is a generic medicine, studies in patients have been limited to tests to determine that it is bioequivalent to the reference medicine, Lixiana. Two medicines are bioequivalent when they produce the same levels of the active substance in the body.

What are the possible side effects from Exablok?

Because the product is a generic medicine, its benefits and possible side effects are taken as being the same as the reference medicine.

For the full list of side effects, see section 4 of the package leaflet.

Why is Exablok approved?

It was concluded that, in accordance with EU requirements, the product has been shown to have comparable quality and is considered to be bioequivalent to the reference medicine. Therefore, the Swedish Medical Products Agency decided that, as for Lixiana, the benefits are greater than its risks and recommended that it can be approved for use.

What measures are being taken to ensure the safe and effective use of Exablok?

A risk management plan has been developed to ensure that the product is used as safely as possible. Based on this plan, safety information has been included in the summary of product characteristics and the package leaflet, including the appropriate precautions to be followed by healthcare professionals and patients.

Known side effects are continuously monitored. Furthermore, new safety signals reported by patients/healthcare professionals will be monitored/reviewed continuously as well.

- **Additional risk minimisation measures (including educational material)**

The educational material should contain the following with key elements as specified below:

Prescriber Guide

Patient Alert Card

The prescriber guide for healthcare professionals shall contain the following key elements:

- Relevant information on the risk of bleeding
- Details of the population potentially at higher risk of bleeding
- Contraindications
- Recommendations for dose adjustment in at risk populations, including patients with renal or hepatic impairment, low body weight and concomitant use of some P-gp inhibitors
- Guidance on switching from or to Lixiana treatment
- Guidance regarding surgery or invasive procedure, and temporary discontinuation
- Management of overdose situations and haemorrhage
- Use of coagulation tests and their interpretation
- That all patients should be provided with a patient alert card and be counselled about:
 - The signs or symptoms of bleeding and when to seek attention from a healthcare provider
 - Importance of treatment compliance
 - Necessity to carry the patient alert card with them at all times
 - The need to inform health care professionals that they are taking Lixiana if they need to have any surgery or invasive procedure

The patient alert card should contain the following key safety messages:

- The signs or symptoms of bleeding and when to seek attention
- Importance of treatment compliance
- Necessity to carry the patient alert card with them at all times
- The need to inform health care professionals that they are taking Lixiana if they need to have any surgery or invasive procedure

For more details, please see the full PAR for Exablok on the following website: [MRI - Home](#).

Other information about Exablok

The full PAR for Exablok can be found on the following website: [MRI - Home](#). For more information about treatment with Exablok, please read the package leaflet or contact your doctor or pharmacist.

This summary was last updated in 2026-06.