

Public Assessment Report

Scientific discussion

Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG

(azacitidine)

SE/H/2527/01/DC

This module reflects the scientific discussion for the approval of Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG. The procedure was finalised on 2025-08-20. For information on changes after this date please refer to the module ‘Update’.

I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the review of the quality, safety and efficacy data, a marketing authorisation has been granted for Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG, 25 mg/ml, Powder for suspension for injection.

The active substance is azacitidine. A comprehensive description of the indication and posology is given in the SmPC.

For recommendations to the marketing authorisation not falling under Article 21a/22a/22 of Directive 2001/83/EC and conditions to the marketing authorisation pursuant to Article 21a/22a/ 22 of Directive 2001/83/EC to the marketing authorisation, please see section VI.

The application for Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG 25 mg/ml, Powder for suspension for injection, is a Generic Art. 10(1) application submitted according to Directive 2001/83/EC. The applicant applies through the Decentralised Procedure with Sweden acting as reference member state (RMS) and DE, ES, FR, HU and IT as concerned member states (CMS).

The reference medicinal product chosen for the purposes of establishing the expiry of the data protection period is Vidaza, 25 mg/mL, powder for suspension for injection authorised in Union since 2008, with Bristol-Myers Squibb Pharma as marketing authorisation holder.

Potential similarity with orphan medicinal products

Conclusion

Having considered the arguments presented by the applicant and with reference to Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 141/2000, Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG is considered not similar (as defined in Article 3 of Commission Regulation (EC) No. 847/2000) to Rytelo, Reblozyl, Tibsovo, Daurismo, Xospata, Vyxeos liposomal, Mylotarg or Rydapt.

Therefore, with reference to Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No. 141/2000, the existence of any market exclusivity for these products, does not prevent the granting of the marketing authorisation of Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG. This finding is without prejudice to the outcome of the scientific assessment of the marketing authorisation application.

II. QUALITY ASPECTS

II.1 Drug Substance

The structure of the drug substance has been adequately proven and its physico-chemical properties are sufficiently described.

The manufacture of the drug substance has been adequately described and satisfactory specifications have been provided for starting materials, reagents and solvents.

The drug substance specification includes relevant tests and the limits for impurities and degradation products have been justified. The analytical methods applied are suitably described and validated.

Stability studies confirm the retest period.

II.2 Medicinal Product

The medicinal product is formulated using excipients listed in section 6.1 in the Summary of Product Characteristics.

The manufacturing process has been sufficiently described and critical steps identified.

The tests and limits in the specification are considered appropriate to control the quality of the finished product in relation to its intended purpose.

Stability studies have been performed and data presented support the shelf life and special precautions for storage claimed in the Summary of Product Characteristics, sections 6.3 and 6.4.

III. NON-CLINICAL ASPECTS

Pharmacology/Pharmacokinetics/Toxicology

Pharmacodynamic, pharmacokinetic and toxicological properties of azacitidine are well known. As azacitidine is a widely used, well-known active substance, no further studies are required, nor does the applicant provide any. Overview based on literature review is, thus, appropriate.

Environmental Risk Assessment (ERA)

Since Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG is a generic product, it will not lead to an increased exposure to the environment. An environmental risk assessment is therefore not deemed necessary.

There are no objections to approval of Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG from a non-clinical point of view.

IV. CLINICAL ASPECTS

Pharmacokinetics

No bioequivalence study has been submitted. The applicant claims that a bioequivalence study is not necessary according to the Guideline on the investigation of Bioequivalence (CPMP/EWP/QWP/1401/98 Rev. 1) since the product is an aqueous parenteral suspension.

Pharmacokinetic properties of the active substance

Absorption: Following subcutaneous administration of a single 75 mg/m² dose, azacitidine was rapidly absorbed with peak plasma concentrations of 750 ± 403 ng/mL occurring at 0.5 h after dosing (the first sampling point). The absolute bioavailability of azacitidine after subcutaneous relative to intravenous administration (single 75 mg/m² 2 P doses) was approximately 89% based on the area under the curve (AUC).

Linearity: Area under the curve and maximum plasma concentration (C_{max}) of subcutaneous administration of azacitidine were approximately proportional within the 25 to 100 mg/m² dose range.

Elimination: Azacitidine is cleared rapidly from plasma with a mean elimination half-life (t_{1/2}) after subcutaneous administration of 41 ± 8 minutes.

Discussion and overall conclusion

The applied product is to be administered as a subcutaneous suspension containing the same active substance in the same concentration as the currently authorised product. The applied product also contains the same excipients in similar amounts as the reference product. For this type of product, no bioequivalence studies are required according to the Guideline on the investigation of Bioequivalence (CPMP/EWP/QWP/1401/98 Rev. 1).

Pharmacodynamics/Clinical efficacy/Clinical safety

Reference is made to the originator product, and no new studies on pharmacodynamics, clinical efficacy or clinical safety have been submitted. This is acceptable.

Risk Management Plan

The MAH has submitted a risk management plan, in accordance with the requirements of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, describing the pharmacovigilance activities and interventions designed to identify, characterise, prevent or minimise risks relating to Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG.

Part II Safety specification

Table SVIII.1 - Summary of safety concerns

Summary of safety concerns	
Important identified risks	• Haemorrhagic events • Infections
Important potential risks	• None
Missing information	• None

Part III Pharmacovigilance Plan

Routine pharmacovigilance is suggested, and no additional pharmacovigilance activities are proposed by the applicant, which is endorsed.

However, in accordance with the RMP of the reference product, specific adverse reaction follow-up questionnaires are proposed as part of routine pharmacovigilance activities beyond adverse reaction reporting and signal detection. The follow-up questionnaires (included in the RMP annex 4), will be used to collect data to help further characterize and/or closely monitor the safety concerns *Haemorrhagic events* and *Infections*.

Part V Risk minimisation measures

Routine risk minimisation is suggested, and no additional risk minimisation activities are proposed by the applicant, which is endorsed.

Part VI Summary of the RMP

The Summary of the RMP is endorsed.

Conclusion RMP assessment

SE/H/2527/01/DC: The submitted Risk Management Plan, version 0.1 signed 27 June 2025, is considered acceptable.

The MAH shall perform the required pharmacovigilance activities and interventions detailed in the agreed RMP presented in Module 1.8.2 of the Marketing Authorisation and any agreed subsequent updates of the RMP.

An updated RMP should be submitted:

- At the request of the RMS;
- Whenever the risk management system is modified, especially as the result of new information being received that may lead to a significant change to the benefit/risk profile or as the result of an important (pharmacovigilance or risk minimisation) milestone being reached.

If the dates for submission of a PSUR and the update of a RMP coincide, they can be submitted at the same time, but via different procedures.

V. USER CONSULTATION

Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG - SE/H/2527/01/DC

The package leaflet has been evaluated via a user consultation study in accordance with the requirements of Articles 59(3) and 61(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC. The language used for the purpose of user testing the PL was English.

The results show that the package leaflet meets the criteria for readability as set out in the Guideline on the readability of the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use.

VI. OVERALL CONCLUSION, BENEFIT/RISK ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

The quality of the generic product, Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG, is found adequate. There are no objections to approval of Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG, from a non-clinical and clinical point of view. The absence of bioequivalence studies is acceptable. The product information is acceptable. The benefit/risk is considered positive, and the application is therefore recommended for approval.

List of recommendations not falling under Article 21a/22a/22 of Directive 2001/83/EC in case of a positive benefit risk assessment

N/A

List of conditions pursuant to Article 21a/22a or 22 of Directive 2001/83/EC

N/A

VII. APPROVAL

The decentralised procedure for Azacitidine STADA Arzneimittel AG, 25 mg/ml, Powder for suspension for injection was positively finalised on 2025-08-20.

Public Assessment Report – Update

Procedure number*	Scope	Product Information affected (Yes/No)	Date of end of procedure	Approval/non approval	Summary/Justification for refuse

*Only procedure qualifier, chronological number and grouping qualifier (when applicable)